

(THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)
(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
J. C. C. INDIA LIMITED

- I. The name of the company is J. C. C. INDIA LIMITED
- II. The registered office of the company will be situated in the STATE OF RAJASTHAN.
- III. The objects for which the company is established are :—
 - (A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:
 1. To carry on the business of manufacturers, to excavate, to exploit, sell, purchase, process, design, export, import, to act as Agents, contractors, Technical Advisors, consultants, quarry owners and dealers of all kinds of Clinker, Portland Cement, Puzzolona-cement, Puzzolana slag cement, white cement, all other kinds of cements, lime, plasters, all kinds of clay, granules, Gypsum, sand, Coke, Breeze, Bauxite and Bentonite, Dolomite, Marble stone, powder, soap stone, calcinated clay and refractories.
 2. To carry on the business as manufacturers and dealers of cement products and by-products and to deal and manufacture pre-fabricated material of houses and other buildings.

(B) THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS ARE :—

1. To purchase, sell, acquire, erect, manufacture, construct, maintain, work install, import, export and to deal in buildings, plant and machinery, all materials and substances and ancillaries used in process of preparing, and manufacturing of various items and to deal in any of the by-products of the manufacturing processes which the company may undertake
2. To manufacture, purchase or sell, import, export or otherwise handle or deal in land products required to run the plants of the company.
3. To obtain technical services and provide all assistance in planning construction, erection and installation of appliances, apparatuses, equipments, plant and machinery related to the business of the company and to obtain technical services in repairs, maintenance and replacement thereof and to employ, remunerate and collaborate with experts for the purpose.
4. To design, construct, fabricate and manufacture buildings, mills, factories, plants, equipments, accessories, apparatus, parts and machinery required for the business of the Company.
5. To establish, equip, maintain, subscribe to or become member of training, institutions, research laboratories, research institutions and experimental workshop for scientific and technical research and experiments and to carry on analytical, experimental and other works and research for implementing the objects.
6. To apply for and procure licences under the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act for establishment of new industries for attainment of its main objects.
7. To use trade-marks or trade-names or brands for the products and goods of the Company and adopt such means of making known the business and products of the Company or any other Company in which this Company is interested as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in newspapers, magazines, periodicals, radio, television and cinema, by circulars, by purchase and exhibitions, of work of art or interest, by opening stores and exhibitions, by publication of periodicals, calendars, diaries or any other materials of publicity by distributing samples and granting prizes, rewards and donations subject to the provisions of Section 293 A of the Companies Act, 1956.

8. To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, assets, undertakings, belongings, funds, obligations, contracts and agencies, rights or liabilities of any person, Government, firm or body corporate, carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on or having property suitable for the purpose of the Company or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith others or which is capable of being conducted so as directly to benefit the Company, either in full or in part or enter into partnership, joint venture or any other arrangement which the Company may deem fit, with such person, Government, Firm, Company or body corporate on such terms, conditions and considerations as the Company may think fit.
9. To pay any premia, commission or salaries and to pay for any property rights or privileges acquired by the Company or for services rendered or to be rendered in connection with the promotion or formation of the business of the company or in case of conversion into public company for services rendered or to be rendered by person, firm or body corporate in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the Company or any other debentures, debenture-stock or other securities of the Company as may be permissible by law on conversion into a public Company or otherwise either wholly or partly in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company and to issue any such shares either as fully paid up or with such amount credited thereon as may be agreed upon and to charge any bonds, debentures and other securities and all or any part of the property of the Company.
10. Subject to the provisions of section 58A of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Rules framed thereunder and directions issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time as may be applicable to borrow or raise money or receive money on deposit, on interest or otherwise in such manner as the Company may think fit and in particular by the issue of debenture or debenture-stock, perpetual or otherwise and in security of such money so borrowed, raised or received to mortgage, pledge or charge the whole or any part of the property, assets and revenues of the company present or future, including its uncalled capital by special arrangement or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders, power of sale or other powers as may seem expedient and to purchase, redeem or to pay off any such securities. However, the Company shall not carry on banking business as defined in the Banking Regulations Act, 1949 for the time being in force.
11. To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
12. To take into consideration and approve and confirm all acts, deeds or things that may be done or entered into with any person, firm or body corporate by the promoters of the Company and further to enter into

any arrangements, agreements or contracts with the promoters and to reimburse them for all costs and expenses that may be incurred by them in connection with the formation or promotion of the company.

13. To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business and in particular any land, building, stock-in-trade and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or works necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company.
14. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, hundies, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants and other negotiable or transferable instruments and to open an account or accounts with any scheduled bank or banks and to pay into and to withdraw money from such account or accounts.
15. Subject to the provisions of law to invest and deal with the money of the Company not immediately required in such manner as the Company may deem fit. But the Company shall not carry on any banking business as defined under Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
16. Subject to the provisions of Section 58A of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Rules framed there-under and the directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India to receive, grants, loans, advances or other moneys or deposits or otherwise from the State or Central Government, banks, companies, trusts or individuals with or without allowing interest thereon.
17. To subscribe, to become a member of and co-operate with any other association whether incorporated or not whose objects are altogether or in part similar to those of the Company and procure from and communicate to any such association such information as may be likely to further the objects of the Company.
18. To communicate with Chamber of Commerce and other mercantile and public bodies through out the world and concern and promote measures for the protection of the trade, industry and persons engaged therein.
19. To lease, let out on hire, sub-let, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking, any land, business, property, rights or assets of the company including all and every description apparatus or appliances or any shares of interest therein respectively in such manner and for such consideration as the Company may think fit and according to procedure of Company Law and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other body

corporate having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company.

20. To improve, manage, develop, grant rights or privileges in respect of or otherwise deal with all or any part the property and rights of the Company.
21. To vest any real or personal property, rights or interest acquired by or belonging to the Company in any person or Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
22. To merge, reconstruct, amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint venture or reciprocal concession with any person, firm or body corporate whether in India or outside carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
23. To establish, promote or concern in establishing or promoting any Company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the rights, liabilities and properties of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares, debentures or other securities of such other Company or Companies.
24. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any special or other funds, whether for depreciation or for repairing, replacing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the property of the Company or for any other purpose whatsoever and to transfer from any such fund or part thereof to any of the other funds in mentioned.
25. To apply the assets and income of the Company in any way in or towards the establishment, maintenance or extension of any associations institutions or funds in any way connected with any particular trade or business of scientific research, industry or commerce which is directly or indirectly deemed conducive for the attainment of main objects.
26. To establish the agencies in India and elsewhere and to regulate and to discontinue the same.
27. To establish the branches of the Company and to get them recognised in any part of the world outside the Union of India.

28. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any provident fund or any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation fund, gratuities, pensions, allowances, emoluments, bonus, profit sharing bonus, benefits or any other payment to any person who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company or its predecessors in business or of any Company which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied to or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary or who are or were any time Directors or Officers of the Company or any of such dependent or connection of any such persons and to provide for the welfare of all or any of the aforesaid persons from time to time by subscribing, subsidising or contributing to any Institution, Association, funds, clubs, trusts, profit sharing or other schemes and by providing, subscribing or contributing towards places of instructions and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendances and to make payments to or towards the insurances of such person as aforesaid and to do any of the matter aforesaid either alone or in conjunction with any other Company as aforesaid.
29. To issue as fully or partly paid up any shares, securities, bonds, debentures or other obligations of the Company in consideration of any privileges, concessions or rights or any property transferred, services rendered to the Company and accept any consideration for any property sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, fully or partly paid up shares or securities or bonds, debentures or other obligations of any other Company.
30. To enter into any collaboration or arrangements with the Government of India or Foreign Government or Companies, with any State or with any authorities, municipal, local or otherwise or with any person, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to apply for and obtain and to purchase or otherwise acquire from any such Government, State Authorities or persons any rights, powers, privileges, licences, decrees, sanctions, grants and concessions whatsoever (whether statutory or otherwise) which the Company may think fit/desirable to obtain and acquire and to carry out, exercise and to comply with any such arrangements, rights, powers, privileges, licences, decrees, sanctions, grants and concessions.
31. To subscribe in or donate to or guarantee money for any National, philanthropic, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful fund or organisation, association, institution or for any exhibition or for any purpose which may be likely, directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or interest of its members, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.
32. To make arrangements with persons engaged in any trade, business or profession for the concession to the Company's members, ticket holders and their friends of any special rights, privileges and advantages and in particular in regard to the supply of the goods,

33. To aid, assist and finance any industrial undertakings, projects enterprises whether owned or run by Government of India, Government of Rajasthan, firm or individual for extension of its work and business
34. To undertake and execute any trust either gratuitously or otherwise.
35. On winding up of the Company to distribute all or any part of the property of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any of the properties of the Company amongst the members in specie or kind subject to the provisions contained in the Companies Act, 1956
36. To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world principals, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and to establish offices, agencies or branches for carrying on any of the aforesaid objects in India or elsewhere in the world.

(C) OTHER OBJECTS :-

1. To manage and deal in land, building and other properties; to collect rents and income and to supply tenants and occupiers and others refreshments, attendance, messages, light, waiting-rooms, reading rooms, meeting rooms, lavatories or laundry, conveniences electric conveniences, stables and other advantages.
2. To carry on the business as farmers, house keepers, millers, gardeners, agriculturists and horticulturists.
3. To carry on the business of manufacturers and suppliers, erectors or fabricators or otherwise dealers in all kinds of plants, machinery and equipments, stores, tools, gadgets, wire drawers, tubes, boilers and other mechanical and electrical and electronic products, devices, contraptions, instruments, spares and components and to procure agencies for the same and to develop, acquire, supply plans, drawings, estimates, project-reports and know-how for industries, business Companies, services and public bodies and Governments.
4. To process and manufacture, buy, sell or otherwise deal in jewellery and semi-precious stones of all varieties, articles of handicrafts and architects and curios, garments and readymade clothes, wool and other fabrics, durries and pile carpets.
5. To process, machine, grind, extract, grow, buy, sell, manufacture, refine, prepare, crush or otherwise deal in all kinds of oil, seeds, wheat, rice and rice brans and other agricultural products and oleaginous and saponaceous substances and all kinds of by-products or ingredients thereof, ghee from whatever source and method including oil seeds, oil

cakes, rice bran and other oil containing medias, de-oiled cakes, deoiled meals for consumption, balanced food and baby food.

6. To carry on the business of manufacturing and processing animal foods for cattle, fowl, chicken and for all kinds of birds and animals and to import, export, buy, sell or otherwise deal in such products and by-products.
7. To carry on the business of manufacturers and printers of tin containers, drums and other packing articles made of metals or card-board or hard-board or of any other material or substance and to buy, sell, import, export, convert, reconvert, recondition or otherwise deal in such products.
8. To carry on the business of canning and dehydration of fruits, vegetables, pickles and to prepare, manufacture and process such other items of fruits, vegetables and roots and to carry on the business of cold storages or deep freezers.
9. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in all kinds of P.V.C. and plastic products and goods, including P.V.C, pipes, sheets, linings, conduit pipes and ancillary products, resins and high density polythene products.
10. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in metal drawing equipments, metal press working, utensils, of brass, steel, aluminium and their accessories, components and spares of any kind and all types of conductors.
11. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in pulp, paper and boards products of all type, transparent paper, craft paper, carbons, inks, parchments and crocks.
12. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists or otherwise dealers in precision, instruments, tools and accessories, nut bolts, required in factories, mines, works and projects.
13. To carry on the business of and to render services in the field of electroplating, galvanising and anodising.
14. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in automobile and automobile parts, accessories, tyres and tubes.

15. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in surgical items and medical equipments, accessories required in hospitals and dispensaries.
16. To carry on the business of manufacturing, processing, manipulating, crushing, importing, exporting, buying, selling or otherwise dealing in fertilizers, pesticides, insecticides and other allied products.
17. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in ceramic, glass and insulators.
18. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists, agents and distributors of and dealers in cement and cement products and deal in other building materials.
19. To carry on the business as promoters, underwriters, hire-purchase dealers, contractors, concessionaires, merchants and other agents and to undertake, carry on and execute all kinds of commercial, trading and other operations, excluding the business of banking within the meaning of the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
20. To purchase, take on lease, licence or concession or otherwise acquire, mines, mineral oils, beneficiation, dressing, concentration and refining plants and rights and privileges therein and to explore, prospect, work, develop, administer and manage the same.
21. To carry on the business or businesses of spinning, weaving, combing, manufacturing, darning, preparing, packing, bleaching, dyeing, colouring, processing, finishing, selling and buying or dealing in cotton, staple, silk and other fibrous and synthetic substances including waste and raw wool and wool tops.
22. To carry on all or any of the businesses of agents, chief agents or licenced agents of any Company or Companies and further to acquire exclusive distribution rights, to act as agents of Indian and Foreign manufacturers particularly dealing in plant, machinery, tools, spares, electric goods, food articles and enter into partnership or joint venture with foreigners.
23. To engineer, develop, design, assemble, manufacture, produce, import and export, buy, sell and otherwise deal in industrial, mining, agricultural machines and all types of tools, plants, equipments, instruments, appliances and hardware of all kinds, general fittings, accessories and appliances of all description made of metal, alloy, glass, synthetic

and other fibres, chemicals and PVC compounds, plastics or any other materials.

24. To carry on the business of manufacturers processors, designers, buyers, seller, exporters, importers and otherwise dealers in all kinds of plastic and chemicals and products made of plastic and/or chemicals including monomers, polymers and co-polymers, cellulose plastic, viscose plastic formaldehyde (phenol and urea) cresol, phenol furfural epoxides silicons, polyesters, polyethelene vinyl resines acrylic resins, synthetic rubbers, melamine plastic, cellophane and other forms of plastic and chemicals to be processed or manufactured by injection moulding, blow moulding extrusion, calandering lamination, adhesion impregnation, compression, fabrication, cating, spraying, immersion, planting, slush, rotational moulding, transfer, vaccum forming, printings or any other mechanical, electrical of manual process or operations.
25. To carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, cafe, tavern, night clubs, casinos, discotheques, swimming pool, beer-house, refreshment room and lodging house keepers, health clubs, baths and dressing rooms, license victuallers, wine, beer and spirit merchants importers and manufacturers of aerated and artificial waters and other drinks purveyors and caterers for public amusement.
26. To purchase, take on lease hire erect or otherwise acquire establish and equip, manage, administer, own, act as collaborators, technicians, financiers of any other hotels, motels, holiday camps, restaurants, canteens, clubs, cafes, pubs, bars, refreshment rooms, casinos in India or in any other part of the world.
27. To carry on the business of advertising agency for providing to advertisers a complete range of advertising services on all mass media like boardings, newspapers, radio, television and film.

IV. The liability of the members is limited.

V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees Five lacs) divided into 50,000 (Fifty thousand) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Sl. No.	Signature, Name, Description, Address and Occupation of the Subscribers	No. of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Witness
1	Sd/- (MAHABIR PRASAD JOSHI) S/o Late Shri Mulchand Joshi West Market. P.O. SARDARSHAHAR (Raj.) Service	10 (Ten)	Witness to all the three subscribers Sd/- (MAHESH KUMAR PAREEK) S/o Shri Radha Kishan Pareek Station Road, SIKAR (Raj.) Business
2	Sd/- (ARUN KUMAR JAJODIA) S/o Shri Murari Lal Jajodia Jajodia Hardwares, M. C. Road TEZPUR-784001 Business	10 (Ten)	
3	Sd/- (MURARI LAL JAJODIA) S/o Lt. R. P. Jajodia Jajodia Hardware, M. C. Road, TEZPUR Business	10 (Ten)	

Total No. of Equity Shares subscribed | 30 (Thirty)

Dated the day of 199

Place : Jaipur.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
 (COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)
 ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
 OF
J. C. C. INDIA LIMITED
 GENERAL
 TABLE 'A' EXCLUDED

1. The regulations contained in the Table 'A' in Schedule-I of the Companies Act, 1956 shall not apply to this Company but these regulations are for the management of the company and for observance of the members and their representatives shall subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of company in reference to the repeal or alterations of or additions to its regulations by special resolution as prescribed by the said Companies Act, 1956 be such as are contained in these Articles.

Table 'A' not to apply but the company to be governed by these Articles.

INTERPRETATION

2. In these Articles unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith the following words or expressions shall have the following meanings :

Interpretation clause

"The Company" or "This Company" means J. C. C. INDIA LIMITED.

"The Company"

"The Act" means the Companies Act, 1956 and includes any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

"The Act"

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted or as the case may be, the Directors assembled at the Board or the requisite number of Directors entitled to pass a circular resolution in accordance with these Articles.

"Board"

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board.

"Chairman"

"The Managing Director" means the Managing Director of the Company for the time being.

"Managing Director"

"Month" means the calendar month.

"Month"

"Dividend" Includes Bonus but excludes bonus shares.

"Dividend"

"These presents" means the Memorandum of Association and these Articles of Association as originally framed or the regulations of the Company for the time being in force.

"These presents"

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Seal"

"Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by Section 189 of the Act.

"Ordinary and special resolution"

"Paid Up"	"Paid up" includes credited as paid up.
"Writing"	"In writing" and written shall include printing, lithography or part printing and part lithography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in visible.
"Singular Number"	"The words importing "singular number" shall include the plural number and vice versa.
"Gender"	The words importing "masculine gender" shall include the feminine gender and vice versa.
"Person"	The words importing "person" shall include Corporation.
"The Office"	"The office" means the Registered Office of the Company for the time being.
"Debenture"	The word "debenture" includes debenture-stock.
Expression in these regulation to bear same meaning as in the Act.	Subject as aforesaid and except where the subject or context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act as in force at the date on which these regulations become binding on the company.
"Marginal Note"	The marginal notes hereto shall not effect the constructions hereof.
"Registered Office"	3. The Office shall be at such place as the Board of Directors shall determine subject to provisions of the act.

CAPITAL

Capital	4. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as stated in clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company. The Company shall have power to increase, reduce, sub-divide or to repay the same or to divide the same into several classes and to attach there to any rights to consolidate or sub-divide the shares and to vary such rights as may be determined in accordance with the regulations of the Company.
Preference shares	5. Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, the Board shall be empowered to issue and allot redeemable preference shares carrying a right to redemption out of profit or out of the proceeds of fresh issue of shares.
Consideration	6. The Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the company as payment or part payment for any property goods or machinery supplied sold or transferred or for services rendered to the in or about the formation or promotion of the company for the conduct of its business and any shares so allotted may be issued as fully paid up or as partly paid up shares.
Discretion in calls	7. The directors may, at their discretion at the time of issue make such different arrangement with different share holders in the amounts and times of payments of calls on their shares, may accept from any member whose assets thereto the whole or part of the amount remaining unpaid on any shares held by him although no part of that amount has been called up and may pay dividend in proportion to the amount paid up on each shares or may pay interest on the amount so received in excess calls.
Commission	8. The directors may at any time, pay a commission to any persons for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) or any shares, debentures or debenture stock in the company, but so that if the commission in respect of shares shall be paid or repayable out of capital, the statutory conditions and requirements shall be observed and complied with

and the amount of rate of commission shall not exceed 5 percent on the shares and 2.5 percent on debentures of debenture-stock in each case subscribed. The commission may be paid in or satisfied in cash on shares, debenture stock of the company.

SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

9. The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according their several denomination and except in the manner herein before mentioned no shares shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered shares shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished. Shares to be numbered progressively and no shares to be sub divided
10. In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under Article 6 and 7, the company in General Meeting may determine that any shares whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the company shall be offered to such persons (whether member or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either (subject to compliance with provisions of section 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at a discount as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person (whether a member or not) the option to call for or be allotted shares of and class of the company, either (subject to compliance with provisions of section 78 and 79 of the Act) at a premium or at par or at discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting or the company in General Meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment, removal of difficulty in appointment of shares or disposal of any shares.
11. Any application signed by or on behalf of any applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of any share herein shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purpose these Article be a member. Acceptance of shares
12. (i) The money (if any) which the Board shall on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them shall immediately on the inscription of the names of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares become a debt due to and recoverable by the company from the allottee company from the allottee thereof and shall be paid by him on such terms as the Board may deem fit from time to time. Deposit and calls to be a debt payable immediately
- (ii) Every member or his heirs, executors or administrators shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may for the time being, remain unpaid thereon in such amounts, at such times and in such manner, as the Board shall, from time to time, in accordance with the Company's regulations require or fix for the payment thereof. Liability of members
13. The certificate of title to shares and duplicate thereof when necessary shall be issue under the seal of the Company, subject to section 113 of the Act. Certificates
14. Every member shall be entitled to one or more certificate in marketable lot for all the shares registered in his name or if the Directors so approve to several certificates each for one or more of such shares but in respect of each additional certificate, there shall be paid to the Company a fee of Rs. 2/- or such less sum as the Member's right certificates

Directors may determine. Every certificate of share shall specify the number and denoting number of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid up thereon. The Directors may in any case or waive the charging of such fees.

As to issue of new certificates in place of one defaced lost or destroyed

15. If any certificate be worn out or defaced then, upon production thereof to the directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the directors and on such indemnity as the directors deem a adequate being given a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the registered holder of the shares to which such lost or destroyed certificate shall relate.

Fees

16. For every certificate issued under the last preceding Article there shall be paid to Company the sum of Rs.2/- or such smaller sum as the Director may determine. The Directors may in any case waive the charging of such fees.

Commission for placing shares and brokerage

17. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (Whether absolutely or conditional) for any share or debentures in the Company procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any share or debentures in the Company, but so that the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debenture two and a half percent of the price at which the debenture are issued. Such commission may be satisfied by payment or cash or allotment of fully or partly paid shares or debentures or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also pay on any issue of shares or debentures such brokerage as may be lawful and reasonable.

CALLS

Calls

18. The Directors may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any share may been issued, make such calls as they fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotments thereof made payable at fixed times and each members shall pay the amount of every calls so made on him to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors a call may be made by instalment.

When call deemed to have been made and notice to call

19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising such call was passed. Not less than fourteen day's notice of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.

Extension of time for payment of calls

20. The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion extent the time fixed for the payments of any call and may extent such time as to call or any of the members who from residence at distance or other cause the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension, save as a matter of grace and favour.

Calls to carry interest

21. If any members fails pay to any call, due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed on the Board but nothing in this Article shall render in obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member and the Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest either wholly or in part.

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| <p>22. If by terms of issue of any shares or otherwise any amount made payable on allotment or at any fixed date or instalments at times, whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium every such amount or instalment shall be payable as if it was a call duly provisions here in contained in respect of calls shall relate to such amount or instalment accordingly.</p> | <p>Amount payable at fixed times or by instalments payable as calls.</p> |
| <p>23. On the trial hearing of any action or suit brought by the company against any shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholder of the Company as a holder of the holders of the number of shares in respect of which such claims is made that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the directors who made any call nor that the quorum of directors was present at the Board at which any call was made or that the meeting at which any call was made duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever but the proof of matters afore said shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.</p> | <p>Evidence in actions by company against shareholders</p> |
| <p>24. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for and upon the money so paid in advance or so much thereof as from time to exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate as the members paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon Moneys so paid in excess of the amount of calls shall not rank for dividends or participate in profits. The directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member three month's notice in writing.</p> | <p>Payment of calls in advance</p> |

JOINT HOLDERS

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| <p>25. Where two or more persons are registered as holders of any shares they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint-holders with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in the articles.</p> | <p>Joint holders</p> |
| <p>(a) Shares may be registered in the name of any person, company or other body corporate but not more than three persons shall be registered jointly as members in respect of any shares.</p> | <p>To which of joint holder certificate to be issued</p> |
| <p>(b) The certificate of shares registered in the names two or more persons shall be delivered to the person first name on the Register.</p> | |
| <p>(c) The joint holder of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all call in respect thereof.</p> | <p>several liabilities of Joint holders.</p> |
| <p>(d) If any share stands in the names of two or more person, the person first named in the register shall as regards receipt of share certificates, dividends or bonus or service or notice and all or any other matter connected with the company, except voting at meeting and the transfer of the shares be deemed the sole holder thereof but the joint holder of a share shall be severally as well as jointly for the payment of all instalments and call due in respect of such share and for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations.</p> | <p>The first named joint holder deemed soleholder</p> |
| <p>(e) In the case of death any one or more of the persons named in the register of members as the joint holders of any share, the survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the company as</p> | <p>Death of one or more joint holders of share</p> |

having any title to or interest in such share but nothing here in contained shall be taken to release the state of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

Votes of joint member's

(f) If there be joint registered holders of any shares, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares, as if he was solely entitled thereto, provided that if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting either personally or by proxy, then one of the said persons so present whose names stands higher one of the register of members shall alone be entitled to vote in respect of such shares, but the other of others or of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present, at the meeting several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose names shares stand shall for the purpose of this articles be deemed joint holders thereof.

On joint holders

(g) A document or notice may be served or given by the company on or to the joint holders of a share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint holder named first in the register of members in respect of the share.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN

If call or instalment not paid notice must be given

26. If any member fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same the director may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid serve a notice on such member requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the company by reason of such non-payment.

From of notice

27. The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which call or instalment at such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment of at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited

28. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid be not complied with any shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time there after before payment of all calls or instalment, interests and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolutions of the directors to that effect.

Notice after forfeiture

29. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the resolutions shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the register but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any commission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

Forfeited share to become property of the Company

30. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be property of the company and the director may shall re-allot or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as they think fit.

Power to annul forfeited

31. The Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted, or otherwise dispose off annul the forfeiture thereof on such conditions as they think fit.

Arrears to be paid notwithstanding forfeiture

32. Any member - whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the company all calls, instalments, interest and expenses, upon or in respect of such share at the

time of the forfeiture together with the interest thereon, from the time forfeiture until payment at 12 percent per annum and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

33. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the company in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved. Effect of forfeiture
34. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director or secretary of the Company and that certain shares in the company have been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence on the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any, given for the shares and the person to whom the shares are sold constitute a good title to such shares and the person to whom the shares are sold be registered as the holder of such shares and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money not shall his title to such shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceeding in reference to such forfeiture, sale or disposal. Evidence of forfeiture
35. The Company shall have first and paramount lien upon all the shares (not being fully paid up) registered in the name of each member (Whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares solely or jointly with any other person to the company whether the period for the payment thereof shall have actually arrived or not and to equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 11 hereof is to have full effect such lien shall extent to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares. Company's lien on shares
36. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the directors may sell the shares subject there to in such manner as they think fit, but no shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member, his executors or administrators or his committee curators, bonis or other legal curator and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment of moneys called in respect of such shares for seven days after such notice. As to enforcing lien by sale
37. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and residue, if any shall (subject to like lien for sums not presently payable, as existed upon the share before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale. Application of proceeds of sale
38. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers herein before given, the directors may appoint some persons to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's to be entered in the register in respect of the shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings not to the application of the purchase money after his name has been Validity or sales upon forfeiture

entered in the register in respect of such share the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damage only and against the company exclusively.

Cancellation of old Certificate and issue of new certificate

39. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificates originally issued in respects of the relative share shall (unless the same shall on demand by the company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect and the directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said share to the person or persons entitled thereto distinguishing it or them in such number as they think fit from the old certificate or certificates.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Execution of transfer

40. The instruments of transfer shall be writing and all the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.

Application by transfer

41. (a) Application for the registration of the transfer of a share may be made either by the transferor or transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor or registration shall, in the case of an application to the transferee in the manner prescribed by Section 101 of the Act, and subject to provisions of these Articles of the Company shall unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the Register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration of the transfer was made by the transferee.
- (b) The instrument of transfer shall be in the form prescribed by the Act or the rules framed thereunder or where no such form is prescribed in the usual common form or any other form approved by the stock exchange in India or as near there to as circumstances will admit.

Form of transfer

42. Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Act, the Directors may at their absolute and uncalculated discretion and assigning any reason refuse to register any transfer of shares of the transmission by operation of law of the right to a share whether fully paid or not (notwithstanding that the proposed transferee is already a member) but in all such cases, it shall, within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to the Company, send to the transferee and transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, notice of refusal to register such transfer giving reasons for such refusal provided that registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person (s) indebted to the company on any account whatsoever, except a lien on the shares.

43. The directors may from time to time fix a fair value for the shares of the company at which the articles mentioned above. The said value shall not in any way be less than the intrinsic value of a share as shown by the last balance sheet of the Company.
44. Every instrument of transfer which is registered shall remain in the custody of the company until destroyed by order of the Board. Registered instrument to remain with the company
45. No fee shall be payable to the Company in respect of the transfer of transmission of any shares in the Company. No fees for transfer of transmission
46. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the register of members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice prohibiting registration. The Company not liable for immediately disregard of notice in prohibiting registration of transfer
47. The Directors may at any time, accept the surrender of any shares from or by any shareholder desirous of surrendering the same on such terms as the directors may think fit. Except as otherwise required by a statutory provision or under an order of competent court of law, the Directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion refuse sub-division of share certificates or debenture certificates into denominations of less than the marketable lots.

BORROWING POWERS

48. Subject to the provision of the Act and these Articles, the Board may from time to time at its discretion by resolution passed at a meeting of the Board, accept deposits from members, either in advance of calls or otherwise and raise or borrow or secure the payment of any sum or money for the Company. Power to borrow
49. The payment or repayment of money so borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respect as the Board may think fit and in particular by a resolution passed at meeting of the Board or by a Circular resolution by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being and debentures, debenture-stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the company and person to whom the same may be issued. The payment or repayment of money and borrowed
50. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that shall be convertible into shares of denomination and with any privileges or conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, of shares and attending (but not voting) at General Meeting, appointment of directors and otherwise. Terms of issue of debenture

Assignment of
uncalled capital

51. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other securities, the directors may make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed.

Indemnity may be
given

52. If the directors any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the company the directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge of security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the directors or persons so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

RESERVE AND DEPRECIATION FUNDS

Reserve fund

53. The directors may from time to time before recommending any dividend set apart any and such portion of the profits of the Company as they think fit as a reserve Fund to meet contingencies or for the liquidation of any debentures debts or other liabilities of the Company for equalization of dividends or for repairing, improving and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purpose of the Company as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company and may invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments other than shares of the Company as they may think fit and from time to time deal with the very such investments and dispose off the or any part there or for the benefit of the Company and may divide the Reserve Fund into such special funds as they think fit, with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of a Reserve Fund to another Reserve Fund or a division of a Reserve Fund and also with full power to employ Reserve Fund or any part there to in the business of the Company and that without being to pay interest on the same with power, however to the Board in their discretion to pay or allow the credit of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.

Depreciation fund

54. The directors may, subject to provision of law, from time to time before recommending any dividend set apart any such portion of the profits of the Company, as they think fit, as a depreciation fund applicable at the discretion of the directors for providing against any depreciation in the investments of the Company or for rebuilding, restoring, replacing or for the Company, destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, storm, tempest, earthquake, accident, riot wear and tear or any other means whatsoever and for repairing altering and keeping in good condition the property of the company or for extending and enlarging the building machinery and property of the Company with full power to employ the assets constituting such depreciation fund in the Company and that without being bound to keep the same separate from other assets.

Investment of moneys

55. All moneys carried to any reserve fund and depreciation fund respectively shall nevertheless remain and be profits of the Company applicable subject to due provisions being made for actual losses or depreciation for the payment of dividend and such moneys and all the other moneys of the Company may be invested by the directors in or upon such investment or securities as they may select of may be used as working capital or may be kept at any bank or deposit or otherwise as the directors may from time to time think proper.

GENERAL MEETINGS

56. In addition to any other meetings, general meetings of the Company shall be held at such intervals and at such times and places as may be determined by the Board. When general meetings to be held
57. All other meetings of the Company other than those referred to in the preceding Articles shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. Distinction between ordinary and extraordinary meetings
58. The directors may, whenever they think fit and they shall, on the requisitions of the holders of not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date earns right to voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition is made forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company. When extraordinary meeting to be called
59. Twenty-one days notice atleast of every General Meeting Annual or extra ordinary and by whomsoever called, specifying day, place and hours of meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat shall be given in the maner hereinafter provided to such person as are under these Articles or the Act entitled to receive notice from the Company provided that in the case of an annual general meeting with consent in writing or all the members entitled to vote thereat and in the case of any other meeting with consent of the members holding not less than 95 percent (95%) of such part of the paid-up capital of the company as gives a right to vote at the meeting a meeting may be convened by a shorter notice in the case of an Annual General Meeting if any business other than (i) the consideration of the account, balance sheets and reports of the Board and Auditors, (ii) the declaration of dividend, (iii) the appointment of directors on place of those retiring, (iv) the appointment of and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors is to be transacted and in the case of any other meeting in any event, there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all the material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature or extent of the interest, if any therein of every director and the Manager (if any). Where any such item of business relates to or affects any other company the extent of shareholding Interest in that other company of every director and Manager if any, of the Company shall also be set out in the statement if the extent of such shareholding interest is not less than twenty percent of the paid-up share capital of that other company. Where any item of business consist of the according of approval to any document by the Meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid. Notice of meetings
60. The accidental ommission to give any such notice to or the non receipt of notice by any of the members or persons entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at any such meetings. As to ommission to give notice
61. Five members present in persons shall be a quorum for a General Meeting. A corporation being a member shall be deemed to be personally persent if it is represented, in accordance with Section 187 of the Act. The President of India or Governor of a State shall be deemed to be personally present if he is represented in accordance with Section 187-A of the act. Quorum at General Meeting
62. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) ordered by the Chairman of the Meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any a demand Questions at general Meeting how to decide

a demand made in that behalf by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares, in the Company which confer a power to vote on resolution, not being less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution, or on which aggregate sum of not less than fifty thousand rupees has been paid up, and unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands, been carried or unanimously or by particular majority or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minutes book of Company shall be conclusive evidence of the facts, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

Chairman's casting vote

63. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes which he may be entitled as a member.

Poll to be taken if demanded

64. If poll is demanded as aforesaid the same shall subject to Article 72 be taken at such time (not later than forty-eight hours from the time when demand was made) and place and either by open voting or by ballot as the Chairman shall direct and either at once or after an interval of adjournment or otherwise and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the persons or the person who made the demand.

Scrutineers of the Poll

65. Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutineers to scrutinise the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him. One of the scrutineers so appointed shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting provided such a member is available and willing to be appointed. The Chairman shall have power at any time before the result of the poll is declared to remove a scrutineer from the office and fill vacancies in office of scrutineer arising from such removal or from any other cause.

Business to proceed not withstanding demand to poll

66. The demand for a poll, shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting of the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Members in arrears not to vote

67. No member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy for another member at any General Meeting or meeting of a class of shareholders registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the company has any right or lien and has exercised the same.

Voting rights of members

68. On a show of hands, every holder of equity shares entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll the voting right of every holder of equity shares whether present in person or by proxy, shall be in proportion to his share of the paid up equity capital of the Company.

Casting of votes by a member entitled to more than one vote

69. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not if the votes, or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

70. A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may on a poll, vote by proxy, if any member be a minor the vote in respect of his share be by his guardian or any one of his guardians, if more than one. How member non composments and minor may vote.
71. (i) Subject to the provisions of these Articles votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A corporation being a member may vote by representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 187 of the Act, and such representative shall be entitled to speak demand a poll, vote appoint a proxy and in all other respects exercise the right of a member and shall be reckoned as a member of all purposes. Voting in persons or by proxy
- (ii) Every proxy (whether a member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of appointer of his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation under the Common seal of such corporation or the hand of its officer or an attorney, duly authorised by it and any committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meetings. Appointment of Proxy
- (iii) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of authority, shall be deposited at the office not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of execution. Deposit of instrument of appointment
- (iv) Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in either of the forms set out in Schedule IX of the Act. Form of proxy
- (v) A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or evocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney under which such proxy was signed, or the transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting. Validity of vote given by proxy not withstanding death of member
72. (i) No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote; except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purpose of such meeting or poll whatsoever. Time for objection to vote
- (ii) The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. Chairman of any meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote
73. The Company shall cause to be kept minutes of all proceeding of general meeting which shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat and a book containing such minutes shall be kept at the registerd office of the Company and shall be open during business hours, for such period not being less in the aggregate Minutes of general meeting and inspection thereof by member

than two hours in each day as the directors may determine for inspection of member without charge. The minutes aforesaid shall be kept in accordance with the provisions of section 193 of the Act.

DIRECTORS

- Number of Directors 74. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting and subject to Section 252 and 259 of the Act, the number of Directors shall not be less than three or more than twelve including any Directors appointed under Article 79 and 80.
- Present Directors 75. (a) **The First Directors of the Company shall be as follows ;**
1. **Shri Pradha Dayal Agarwal**
 2. **Shri Arun Jajodia**
- (b) The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors within the limit fixed as above
- Appointment of alternate directors 76. The Board of Directors of the Company may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the original director") during the absence for a period of not less than three months from the state in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. An alternate director appointment under this Article shall not hold offices as such for a period longer than that permissible of the original director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the original director returns to the State.
- Directors may Fill-up vacancies 77. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time appoint any qualified person to be director to fill a casual vacancy. Such casual vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office, if it had not been vacated as aforesaid but he shall then be eligible for re-election.
- Additional directors 78. The Directors shall also have power at any time and from time to time appoint any other qualified person to be a director as an addition to the Board but so that the total number of director shall not at any time exceed the maximum fixed above. Any person so appointed as an addition the Board shall retain his office only upto the date of the next Annual General Meeting but shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting.
- Power to the financial institutions to nominate Directors on the Board 79. The Company may agree with any financial institution, company or any other authority, person, state or institution that in consideration of any loan or financial assistance of any kind whatsoever which may be rendered by it, shall have power to nominate such number of directors on the Board of Directors of the Company as may be agreed to and from time to time remove and reappoint them and to fill in vacancy caused by such directors otherwise ceasing to hold office. Such nominated directors shall not be liable to retire by rotation. The Director nominated in this Article is hereinafter referred to as "Institutional Director" in these presents.

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| 80. | Any Trust Deed for securing debentures or debenture stock may, if so arranged, provide for the appointment from time to time by the trustees thereof or by the holders of the debentures or debenture-stock of some person to be director of the Company and may empower such trustees or holders of debenture-stock from time to time to remove any director so appointed. A director appointed under this Article is hereinafter referred to as a "debenture Director" and the term "Debenture Director" means a Director for the time being in office under, this Article, A debenture director shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by the Company. The trust deed may contain such ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained. | Debenture Director |
| 81. | No share qualification will be necessary for being appointed as or holding the office of a director of the Company. | Qualification of Directors |
| 82. | The remuneration of each director for attending the meeting of the Board or Committee thereof shall be such sum as may be prescribed by the Act of the Central Government from time to time for each such meeting of the Board or Committee thereof attended by him. The directors shall be paid such further remuneration (if any) as the Board shall be divided among the directors in such proportion and manner as the Board may from time to time determine and in default of such determination shall be divided among the director equally. | Remuneration of Directors |
| 83. | The Directors may allow and to any Director who is not a resident of the place where the Registered Office for the time being of the Company is situated or where the meeting of the Board is held and who shall come to such place for the purpose of attending a meeting of the Board or a Committee thereof such sum as the directors may consider fair compensation for travelling and other incidental expenses in addition to his fees for attending such meeting as above specified. | Directors not a resident of the place of the registered office of the Company to be paid travelling expenses |
| 84. | If any director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include workdone by a director as a member of any committee formed by the directors) the Board may arrange with such directors for such special remuneration of such extra services or special exertions of efforts by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and such remuneration above provided. | Special remuneration of Director performing extra services |
| 85. | The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but so that if the number falls below the minimum number fixed the director shall not, except in emergencies or for the purpose of filling up vacancies or for summoning a general meeting of the Company act as the numbers is below the minimum. | Director may act notwithstanding vacancy |
| 86. | A director shall not be disqualified from contracting with the company either as vendor, purchase or otherwise for goods, materials or services or for underwriting the subscription of any shares in or debentures of the Company nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with a relative of such director or a firm in which such director or relative is a partner or with any other partner in such firm or with a private company of which director is a member or director be avoided nor shall director so contracting or being such member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such | Conditions under which Directors may contract with Company |

contract or arrangement by reason of such director holding office of the fiduciary relation thereby established.

- Retension of benefit from associated company
87. A director of a company may be or become a director of any company promoted by the Company or in which he may be interested as vendor; member or otherwise and no such director may be accountable for any benefit received as director or member of such company.
- Rights of Directors
88. Except as otherwise provided by these articles all the directors of the company shall have in all matters equal rights and privileges and be subject to equal obligation and duties in respect of the affairs of the Company.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

- Retirement and rotation of directors
89. All the Directors, excluding the Managing and/or special director shall retire at the first annual general meeting of the Company and thereafter at each annual general meeting of the company one third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office. A special Director appointed by the Board under Article 79 and 80 hereof and/or a Managing Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation. Subject to Section 284 (5) of the Act, the Director to retire by rotation at every Annual General meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day those who retire shall in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.
- Eligibility for re-election
90. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.
- Company to appoint successors
91. Subject to provisions of the Act the Company at the General Meeting at which a director retires in manner aforesaid may fill up the vacated office by electing a person thereto.
- Notice of candidature for office of director except in certain case
92. The Company may by ordinary resolution, from time to time increase, reduce the number of directors and may alter their qualifications and the Company may remove any director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time as the director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if had not been so removed.
- Meeting of directors
93. No person not being a retiring director shall be eligible for election or the office of director at any General Meeting unless he or some other member intending to propose him has at least fourteen clear days before the meeting left at the office a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office alongwith a deposit of five hundred rupees which shall be refunded to such person or as the case may be, to such member, if the person succeeds in getting elected as a Director.

PROCEEDING OF DIRECTORS MEETING

- Quorum
94. (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate its meeting as it thinks fit.
- (ii) The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two directors, whichever is higher.

95. If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of quorum, then the meeting shall stand adjourned to such other time, date and place as may be fixed by the directors present not being later than fifteen days from the date originally fixed for the meeting.
96. The Chairman, if any or the Managing Director of his own motion or the Secretary of the Company shall upon the request in writing of two directors of the Company or if directed by the Managing Director, or Chairman, if any, convene a meeting of the Board by giving notice in writing to every director for the time being in India and at his usual address in India to every other director.
97. The directors may from time to time elect from among their number, a Chairman of the Board determine the period for which he is to hold office. If at any meeting of the Board Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same the directors present may choose one of their members to be chairman of the meeting.
98. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote, subject to the provision that the Nominee if appointed under Article 79 present and voting shall be part of such majority.
99. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions which by or the Act or the Articles of the Company are for time being vested in or exercisable by Board generally.
100. The Board may delegate any of their powers to a committee of directors consisting of such director or directors or one or more directors and a member or members of the company as it thinks fit or to the Managing Directors the Manager or and other principal office of the Company or a branch office or to one or more of them together and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee of the Board either wholly or in part and either as to persons or purposes. But every Committee of the Board so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any resolution that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such committee of the Board in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
101. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained or regulating the meeting and proceeding of the directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and not suspended by any regulations made by the directors under the last proceedings Articles.
102. A resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof or by circulation, the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary paper, if any, to all the directors or to all the members of the Committee, then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board of Committee as the case may be) and to other directors or members of the Committee at their usual address in India and has been approved by such of the Directors or members of the Committee are then in India by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

Adjournment of meeting for want of quorum

When meeting to be convened

Chairman

Questions at Board Meeting how decided

Powers of Board Meeting

Directors committees may appoint and delegate its powers

Meeting of committee how to be governed

Resolution by Circular

Act of Board or
committees valid

103. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by committee or the Board or by any person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such director or person acting as aforesaid or that there was some defect in the appointment of such director or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that appointment or any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed was qualified to be a director and not vacated his office or his appointment had been terminated provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.

Minute of proceeding
of Directors and
committees to be kept

104. (a) The Board shall in accordance with the provisions of section 193 of the Act cause minutes to be kept of every General Meeting of the Company or of every meeting or the Board or of every committee or the Board.
- (b) Any such minutes of any meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board or of the Company in General Meeting, if kept in accordance with the provisions of section 193 of the Act, shall be evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

Powers of the Board

105. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the control of the company shall be vested in the Board who shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such acts things at the company is authorised to exercise and do provided that the Board shall not exercise any power or do any act or thing which is directed or required whether by the Act or in other statute or by the Memorandum of the Company or by these Article or otherwise to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting provided further that in exercising any such power or doing any such act or things, the Board shall be subject to the provisions in that behalf contained in the act or in the Memorandum of Association of the Company or these Articles or any regulations made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act the Board which would have been valid if those regulations had not been made.

Further power of the
Board

106. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those powers and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by the Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that the directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power:
- (1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formations, establishment and registration of the company.

- (2) To pay and charge to the capital account of the company any commission or interest lawfully payable under the provisions of Section 76 and 208 of the Act.
- (3) Subject to Section 292, 297 and other provisions of the Act to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, right or privileges which the company is authorised to acquire at or for such price or consideration and general on such terms and conditions as they may think fit and if any such purchases or other acquisition to accept such title as the directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory.
- (4) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act to pay for any property right or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company either wholly or partly in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, mortgage or other securities of the Company and any such share may be issued either as fully paid-up or with such amount credited as paid-up thereon as may be agreed upon and any such bonds, debentures, mortgages, or other securities may be either specially charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (5) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts and engagement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.
- (6) To accept from any member, so far as may be permissible by law, surrender of his shares or any part thereof on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed.
- (7) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (8) To institute, conduct, defend compound or abandon any legal proceeding by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of and debts due and or any claims of demand by or against the Company and to refer any differences to arbitration either according to Indian law or according to any foreign law and either in India or abroad and observe, perform or challenge any award made thereon.
- (9) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts or insolvents.
- (10) To make and give receipts, release and other discharges for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (11) To invest and deal with any money of the Company, not immediately required for the purpose thereof upon such security (not being shares of this company), or without security and in such manner as they may think fit and from time to time vary or realise such investments. All investment shall be made and held in the company's own name.

- (12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or surety for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.
- (13) To determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividends, warrants, releases contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose.
- (14) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the company a share in the profits of the Company and to give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction and to change such bonus or commission as part of the working expenses of the Company.
- (15) To provide for the welfare of directors or ex-directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and the wives, widows and families or the dependants or connection of such person by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls or by grants of money, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing toward places of interest and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance as the Board shall think fit and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee moneys to charitable benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions, bodies and objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the company either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.
- (16) To appoint at their discretion, remove or suspend such general managers, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, scientists, technicians, engineers, consultants, legal medical or economic advisor research workers, labours, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration and to require security in such instances and of such amount as they may think fit and from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit.
- (17) To comply with the requirements of any local which in their opinion it shall, in the interest of the Company, be necessary or expedient to comply with.
- (18) From time to time at any time to establish any local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be members of such local Board and to fix their remuneration.
- (19) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in the Board and to authorise the member for the

local Board or many of them to fill up any vacancies there in any to act notwithstanding vacancies and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subjects to such conditions as the Board thinks fit and may at any time remove any person so appointed and may annul or vary such delegation.

- (20) At any time and from time to time by power of attorney under the Seal of the Company to appoint any person or persons to be attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also except in their limits authorised by the Board the powers to make loans and borrow moneys and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit and any such appointment may (if the Board think fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any company or the shareholders, director, nominees or managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and any such power of attorney may contain such powers of the protection or conveniences of persons dealing with such attorney as the Board may think fit.
- (21) For or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind any and all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient.
- (22) To deal lease or otherwise dispose off any of the properties or under takings of the Company Subject to Section 293 (1) (a) of the Companies Act, 1956.

MANAGING DIRECTORS

107. The Board may, from time to time, appoint one or more Directors to be Managing Director or wholtime Directors of the company either for a fixed term or without any limitation as to the period for which he or they is or are to hold such office, and may, from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the company remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places. Powers to appoint Managing Director
108. A managing or whole-time Director shall, in addition to any remuneration that might be payable to him as a Director of the Company under these Article, receive such remuneration as may from time to time be approved by the Company, subject to provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Remuneration of Managing Director
109. Subject to the provisions of the Act and in particular to the prohibitions and restrictions contained in Section 292 thereof the Board may from time to time entrust to the confer upon the Managing Director whole-time Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit and may confer such powers such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and they may confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the Powers of Managing Director

exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

Special position of
Managing Director

110. Subject to the provisions of Act the Managing Director or whole-time Director shall not, while he or they continue to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation.

SEAL

The Seal, its custody
and use

111. The Board shall provide a common seal for the purpose of the company and shall have powers from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal for the time being and the seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given and in the presence of a director of the Company or some other person appointed by the directors for the purpose. The Company shall also be at liberty to have an official Seal in accordance with Section 50 of Act for use in any territory district or place outside India.

112. Every Deed or other instrument to which the Seal of the Company is required to be affixed shall unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney by signed by one director and the secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purposes, provided nevertheless that certificate of shares may be sealed in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (issue of Share Certificates) Rules, 1960 or the statutory modification or re enactment thereof for the time being in force.

DIVIDENDS

How profits shall be
divisible

113. Subject to the rights of members entitled to share (if any) with preferential or special rights attached thereto the profits of the Company which it shall from time to time be determined to divide in respect of any or other period shall be applied in the payment of a dividend on the equity shares of the Company but so that a partly paid up share shall only entitle the holder with respect thereto to such proportion of the distribution upon a fully paid-up share as the amount paid thereon bears to the nominal amounts of such share and so that where capital is paid-up thereon bears to the nominal amounts of such share and so that where capital is paid-up in advance of calls upon the following that same shall carry interest, such capital shall not whilst carrying interest confer a right to participate in profit.

Declaration of
dividends

114. The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their rights and interest, the profits and may fix the time for payment.
115. No large dividend shall be declared that is recommended by the Directors but the company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.
116. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company of the year or any other undistributed profits.

Ascertainment of
amount available for
dividend

117. When any assets, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date upon terms that the Company shall as from that date take the profits and bear the losses thereof such profits and losses as the case may be shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be so credited or debited wholly or in part to the Profit and Loss Account and in that case the amounts so credited or debited shall for the purpose of ascertaining the fund available for dividend be treated as a profit or loss arising from the business of the Company and available for dividend according if any shares or securities are purchased with dividend or interest such dividend or interest when paid

may at the discretion of the directors be treated as revenue and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.

118. The declaration of the directors as to the amount of the net profits of the company shall be conclusive. What to be deemed net profits
119. The Director may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as in their judgement the position of the Company justifies. Interim dividend
120. The directors may retain dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts liabilities or engagement in respect of which the lien exists. Debts may be reduced
121. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against call. Dividend and call together
122. No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest on dividend in respect of his shares, whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise however either alone or jointly with any other persons and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member all sums of money so due from him to the Company. No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and right of reimbursement there out
123. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer. Transfer of shares must be registered
124. (a) Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant or by a pay slip or receipt having the force of cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled or in case of joint-holders to that one of them first named in the Register of Members in respect of the joint-holding. Every such cheque or warrant or any pay slip or receipt or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means. If several persons are registered as joint-holders of any shares any one of them can give effectual receipt for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect thereof. Dividend how remitted
- (b) Subject to the provisions of Section 205 A, 205 B and 206 A of the Companies Act, 1956 the unpaid or unclaimed dividend amount shall be transferred by the Company to a special account to be opened in any scheduled bank to be called Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company. Unpaid Dividend Account

CAPITALISATION OR RESERVES

125. Any General Meeting may resolve that any moneys, investments or other assets forming part of the undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of any reserves or any capital redemption reserve fund or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend or representing premium received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of share premium account be capitalised and distributed amongst such of the share holders as would be entitled to receive the same if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportion on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalised fund be applied on behalf of share holders in paying up in full any unissued shares, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability or any issued shares and that

such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such share holders in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum provided that any sum standing to the credit of a share premium account or a capital redemption reserve fund may the purpose of this Articles only be applied in the paying up unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

Surplus money 126. A general meeting may resolve that any surplus moneys arising from the realisation of any capital assets of the Company or any investment representing the same or any other undistributed profits of the Company not subject to charge for income-tax be distributed among the members on the footing that they receive the same as capital.

Fractional Certificate 127. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under the preceding two Article the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund as may seem expedient to be Board where requisite a proper contract shall be field in accordance with Section 75 of the Act and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund and such appointed shall be effective.

BOOKS AND DOCUMENTS

Books of account to be kept 128. The directors shall cause to be kept proper books of accounts in accordance with Section 209 of the Act with respects to:

- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the expenditure take place;
- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company;
- (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company; Provided that the said proper books of account shall be kept on actual basis and according to the double entry system of accounting.

Where to be kept 129. The books of account shall be kept at the office or subject to the provision of Section 209 of the Act at such other place as the directors think fit and shall be open to inspection by the directors during the business hours.

Inspection by members 130. The directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what time and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any or them shall be open to the inspection of the members not being directors and no members (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the directors.

Statements of acc-ounts to be furnished General Meeting 131. The directors shall from time to time, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in Annual General Meeting such Profit and Loss Accounts, Balance Sheets and reports as are referred to in the Act.

132. A copy of every such Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet (including the Auditor's Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached to the Balance Sheet) shall, at least twenty one days before the meeting at which the same are to be laid before the members, be sent to the members of the Company to holders of debentures issued by the Company (not being debentures which ex-facie are payable to bearer thereof), to trustees for the holders of such debentures and to all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meeting of the Company. Provided that a copy of the documents aforesaid shall not be required to be sent when the shares of the Company are listed on a recognised stock exchange, if the copies of the documents aforesaid are made available for inspection at the Registered office during working hours for a period of twenty-one days before the date of the meeting and a statement containing the salient features of such documents in the prescribed form or copies of the documents aforesaid, as the company may deem fit, is sent to every member of the company and to every trustee for the holders of any debenture issued by the company not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting as per provisions of Section 219 of the Act.

Account to be sent to each member

AUDIT

133. Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated in accordance with Section 224 and 227 of the Act.

Account to be Audited

134. Every accounts of the Company when audited and approved by the General Meeting shall be conclusive.

Accounts when audited and approved to be conclusive

DOCUMENTS AND NOTICE

135. (1) A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on any member or an office thereof either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address if any, within India supplied by him to the Company for serving documents or notices on him.

Service of document or notices on members by the company

(2) Where a document or notice is sent by post, service of the document or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the document or notice, provided that where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgement due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member and such service shall be deemed to have been effected in the case of meeting at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the document or notice is posted in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

136. A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the office shall be deemed to be duly served or sent on the day on which the advertisement appears on or to every member who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company any address within India for the service of document on him or the sending of notice to him.

By advertisement

On personal representative

137. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to him by name or by the title of representative of the deceased or assignee of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

To whom documents or notices must be served or given

138. Documents or notices of every General Meeting shall be served or given in same manner hereinbefore authorised on or to (a) every member (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member and (c) the auditor or auditors for the time being of the Company.

Member bound by document or notice served or on given to previous holders

139. Every person who, by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every document or notice in respect of each share, previously to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members shall have been duly served on the person from whom he derives his title to such shares,

Document or notice by company and signature thereto

140. Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company may be signed by a director or some person duly authorised by the Board for such purpose and the signature may be written, printed or lithographed.

Service of document or notice of member

141. All documents or notices to be served or given by members on or to the Company or any officer thereof shall be served or given by sending them to the Company or officer at the office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post or by leaving it at the office.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

Authentication of documents and proceedings

142. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act or these Articles, documents or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director or an authorised officer of the Company and need not be under its seal.

WINDING UP

Liquidator may divide assets in specie

143. The liquidator on any winding up (whether voluntary, under supervision or compulsory) may with the sanction of a special resolution/orders of the court but subject to the rights attached to any preference shares capital, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit.

INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Indemnity

144. Subject to the provisions of Section 201 of the Act every director, manager, officer or servant of the Company or any person (whether an officer of the company or not) employed by the company as auditor shall

be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against all claims and it shall be the duty of the directors out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, charges, losses and damages which any such person may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or act or thing done, about the execution or discharge of his duties or supposed duties (except such if any, as he shall incur or sustain through or by his own wilful act, neglect or default) including expenses and in particular and so as not to limit the generality of the foregoing provisions against all liabilities incurred by him as such director, manager, officer or auditor in defending any proceeding whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

145. Subject to the provisions of the Act, no director, auditor, or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the act, receipt, neglects or defaults of any other director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the director for on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency or any security in or upon which any of the money of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damages arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person, firm or company to or with whom any money, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgement, omission, default or oversight on his part or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in relation to the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same shall happen through his own dishonesty.

146. No member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the directors it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to discover.

S. No.	Signature, name, addresses, description and occupation of the subscribers	Signature, name, address; description and occupation of witness
1	<p>Sd/- (MAHABIR PRASAD JOSHI) S/o Late Shri Mulchand Joshi West Market, P.O. SARDARSHAHAR (Raj.) Service</p>	<p>Witness to all the three subscribers Sd/- (MAHESHI KUMAR PAREEK) S/o Shri Radha Kishan Pareek Station Road, SIKAR (Raj.) Business</p>
2	<p>Sd/- (ARUN KUMAR JAJODIA) S/o Shri Murari Lal Jajodia Jajodia Hardwares, M. C. Road TEZPUR-784001 Business</p>	
3	<p>Sd/- (MURARI LAL JAJODIA) S/o Lt. R. P. Jajodia Jajodia Hardware, M. C. Road, TEZPUR Business</p>	

Dated the day of 199

Place : Jaipur